

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION- 1

Dept: CV

Sem / Div: 5th

Sub: Basic Geotechnical Engg

S Code: 18CV54

Date: 20/10/2020

Time: 2.30-4.00PM

Max Marks: 50

Elective: N

Note: Answer any 2 full questions, choosing one full question from each part.

Q N	Questions	Marks	RBT	COs
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PART A

1 a	With the help of three phase diagram, define degree of saturation, void ratio, unit weight of soil solids and water content	5	L2	CO1										
b	A sample of saturated clay has a water content of 30% and unit weight of 20kN/m ³ . Determine its dry unit weight, specific gravity, void ratio. If the degree of saturation reduces to 50% what will be its unit weight?	8	L3	CO1										
c	With usual notations derive the relation $Y_{sat} = \frac{G(1+e)}{G_s(1+e) + G_w}$	5	L2	CO1										
d	For a given sandy soil, $e_{max} = 0.82$ and $e_{min} = 0.42$. Let $G = 2.66$, in the field, the soil is compacted to a moist unit weight of 16.87 kN/m ³ at a moisture content of 9%. Determine void ratio, porosity, degree of saturation and relative density.	7	L3	CO1										
OR														
2 a	What are index properties? List various index properties	4	L2	CO1										
b	With the help of particle size distribution curves, explain well graded, poorly graded, fine grained and coarse grained soils	5	L2	CO1										
c	A moist soil sample has a weight of 6.33 N and volume of 3×10^{-5} m ³ at a water content of 11%. Take Specific gravity as 2.68, Find void ratio, air content (n_a) degree of saturation. Also determine water content at which soil gets saturated. What will be the unit weight at saturation	8	L3	CO1										
d	The following results of a liquid limit test													
<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Number of blows</td> <td>33</td> <td>23</td> <td>18</td> <td>11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water content%</td> <td>41.5</td> <td>49.5</td> <td>51.5</td> <td>55.6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Number of blows	33	23	18	11	Water content%	41.5	49.5	51.5	55.6
Number of blows	33	23	18	11										
Water content%	41.5	49.5	51.5	55.6										
If the plastic limit is 23.5%, determine plasticity index and flow index														

PART B

3 a	What are the differences between standard and modified proctor test? Calculate the compactive energy applied in both the tests.	7	L2	CO2												
b	Following are the observations of a compaction test	10	L3	CO2												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Water content %</td> <td>5.9</td> <td>7.5</td> <td>9.7</td> <td>11.65</td> <td>13.85</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Weight of dry soil N</td> <td>18.2</td> <td>19.5</td> <td>20.1</td> <td>20</td> <td>19.7</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Water content %	5.9	7.5	9.7	11.65	13.85	Weight of dry soil N	18.2	19.5	20.1	20	19.7
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Weight of dry soil N	18.2	19.5	20.1	20	19.7											
Take volume of mould = 1000cc, $Y_w = 10$ kN/m ³ and $G = 2.7$. plot compaction curve and find ODD and OMC. Calculate the void ratio, degree of saturation and percentage air voids at OMC																
c	Explain the factors affecting on compaction	8	L2	CO2												
OR																
4 a	What do you understand by field control of compaction? Explain	7	L2	CO2												

Att
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Vivekananda College of Engineering & Technology, Puttur
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proctor needle method.								8	L2	CO2
b What is the effect of compaction on soil properties?.								10	L3	CO2
c If specific gravity of soil is 2.7, i) plot compaction curve and find OMC and ODD ii) plot 20% air void line, iii) what is the range of water content that can be allowed to achieve dry density of 16.8 kN/m^3 at site.										
	w.c. %	8.5	12.2	13.7	15.5	18.2	20.2			
	$\gamma_d \text{ kN/m}^3$	20.6	18.8	18.1	17.4	16.4	15.74			

Soujanya

A.H.